



Molecular Systems group

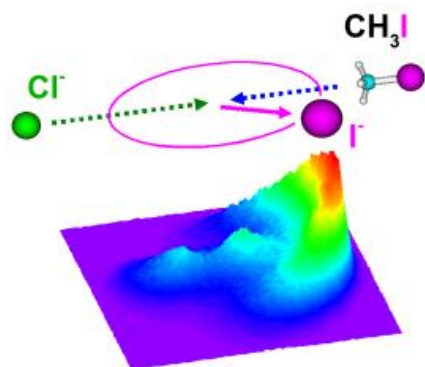


**Our research focus:
Understand the Dynamics and Spectroscopy
of Charged Molecular Systems**

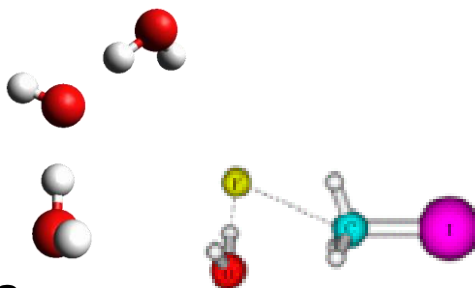


Dynamics and Spectroscopy of Charged Molecular Systems

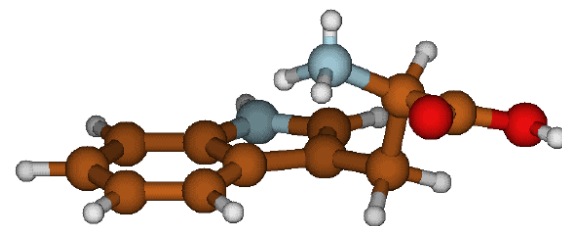
Ion-molecule reaction dynamics



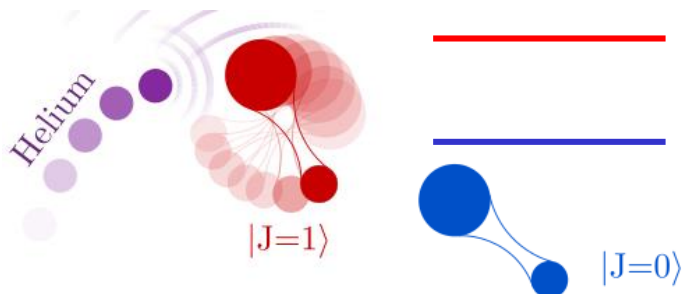
Micro-hydration effects



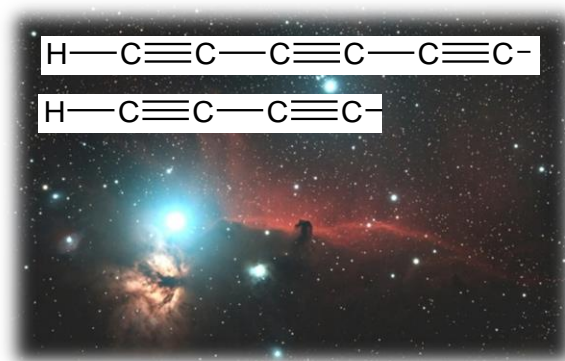
Biomolecular ions



Cold and state-controlled ions

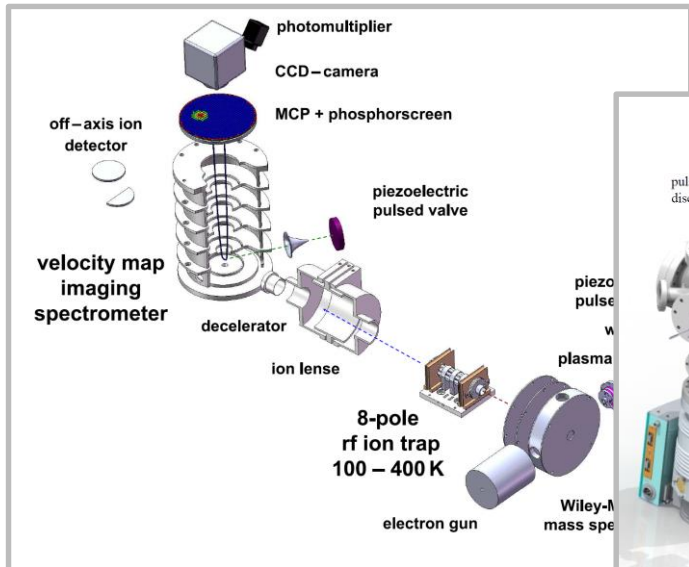


Interstellar ion formation

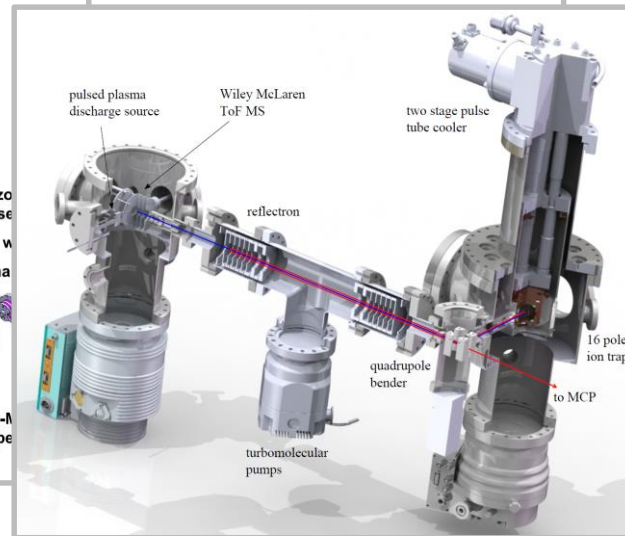


Dynamics and Spectroscopy of Charged Molecular Systems

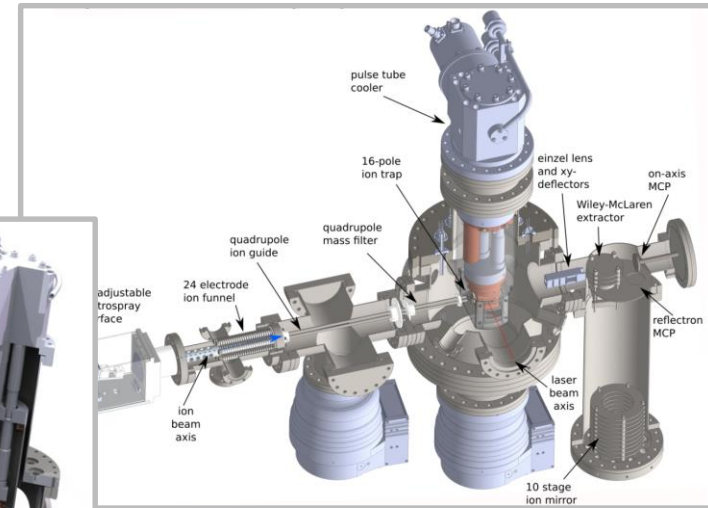
Experimentelle Aufbauten



Kreuzstrahlspektrometer für Ionen-Molekül-Reaktionsdynamik



4 Kelvin Ionenfalle für Laborastrophysik an interstellarer Ionen

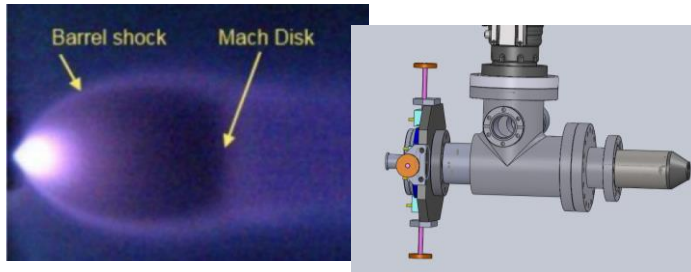


4 Kelvin Elektrospray-Ionenfalle für Spektroskopie an Biomolekülen und Clustern

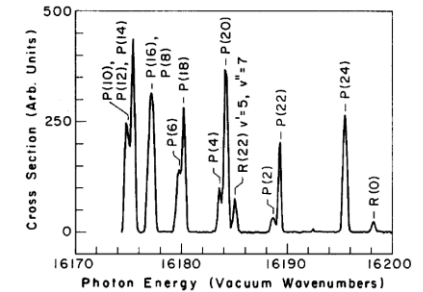
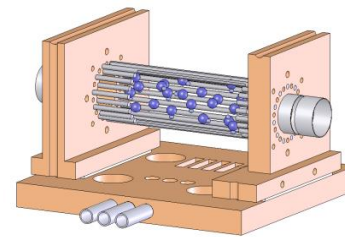
Dynamics and Spectroscopy of Charged Molecular Systems

Themen für Bachelorarbeiten 2020

Test einer neuen Überschallstrahlquelle für kalte Moleküle



Hochauflösende Spektroskopie an kalten gefangenen Molekülionen



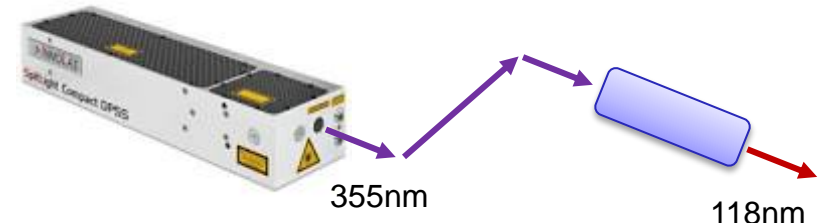
Numerische Modellierung interstellarer Molekülwolken

KIDA

KINETIC DATABASE FOR ASTROCHEMISTRY

Bimol	Chemical Reaction	Rate Coefficient	Temperature Range	Equation	Evolution
Bimol	$\text{HCN} + \text{CN} \rightarrow \text{H}_2\text{C} + \text{CN}$	1.20E-9	0.00E+0 - 0.00E+0	10-280 Modified Arrhenius equation	🔴
Bimol	$\text{CN} + \text{HCO}^+ \rightarrow \text{H} + \text{CN} + \text{CO}$	3.76E-8	5.00E-1 - 0.00E+0	10-280 Modified Arrhenius equation	🔴
Bimol	$\text{CN} + \text{H}_2\text{O}^+ \rightarrow \text{H} + \text{CN} + \text{H}_2\text{O}$	3.76E-8	5.00E-1 - 0.00E+0	10-280 Modified Arrhenius equation	🔴
Bimol	$\text{CN} + \text{H}_2^+ \rightarrow \text{H} + \text{CN} + \text{H}_2$	7.51E-8	5.00E-1 - 0.00E+0	10-280 Modified Arrhenius equation	🔴
Bimol	$\text{CN} + \text{N}_2\text{H}^+ \rightarrow \text{H} + \text{CN} + \text{N}_2$	7.51E-8	5.00E-1 - 0.00E+0	10-280 Modified Arrhenius equation	🔴
Bimol	$\text{C}_2 + \text{N} \rightarrow \text{C}_2 + \text{CN}$	9.00E-11	0.00E+0 - 0.00E+0	300-300 Modified Arrhenius equation	🟢
	$\text{CN} + \text{C}_2 \rightarrow \text{C}_2 + \text{CN}$	9.00E-11	0.00E+0 - 0.00E+0	300-300 Modified Arrhenius equation	🟢
	$\text{C}_2 + \text{C}_2\text{H} \rightarrow \text{C}_2 + \text{C}_2\text{H}$	0.00E+0	0.00E+0 - 0.00E+0	300-300 Modified Arrhenius equation	🟢

Erzeugung von VUV Laserstrahlung mittels Frequenzvervielfachung



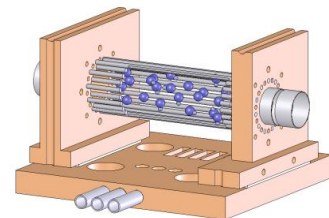


Dynamics and Spectroscopy of Charged Molecular Systems

Master thesis

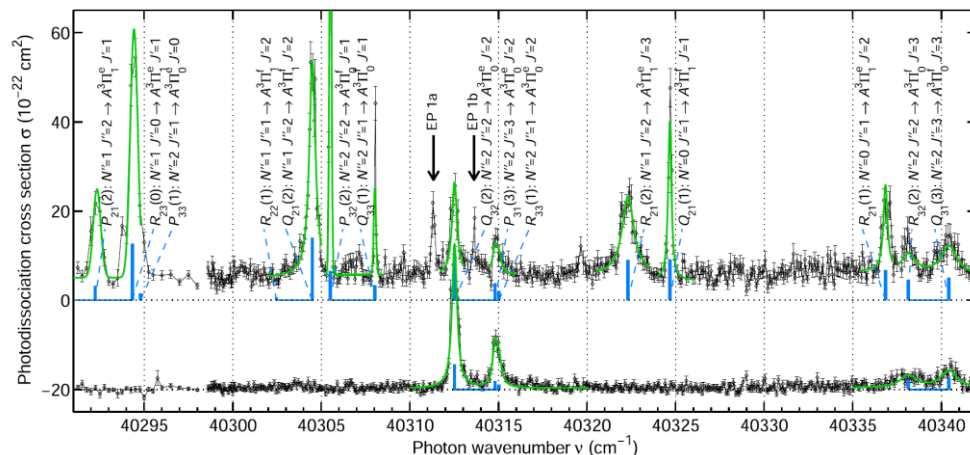
Quantum state-resolved photodissociation of cold trapped OH⁺

Goal: Investigate the photodissociation of OH⁺ + hν → O⁺ + H at 10 Kelvin



Tasks:

- Learn to experiment with the cryogenic ion trap
- Prepare and investigate OH⁺ cooled by Helium
- Analyse photodissociation spectra and determine rotational temperatures



Big Goal: Quantum control of rotational states and state-resolved ion-molecule reactions for better understanding of water formation in the universe



Dynamics and Spectroscopy of Charged Molecular Systems

Master thesis

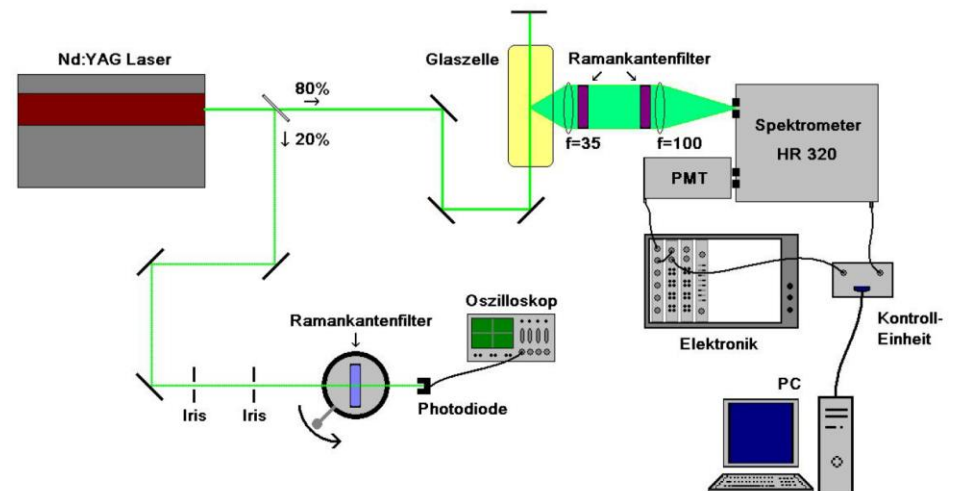
SWAROVSKI

Raman spectroscopy of gas cavities in 3D-printed glass

Goal: Non-destructive identification of molecular species in gas cavities using Raman spectroscopy

Tasks:

- Assemble the laser spectroscopy setup
- Gain understanding of molecular spectroscopy
- Perform measurements on gas cavities in glass



Collaboration with physicists and engineers at Swarovski, Wattens
Big Goal: The world's first scalable 3D-glass printer technology



Dynamics and Spectroscopy of Charged Molecular Systems

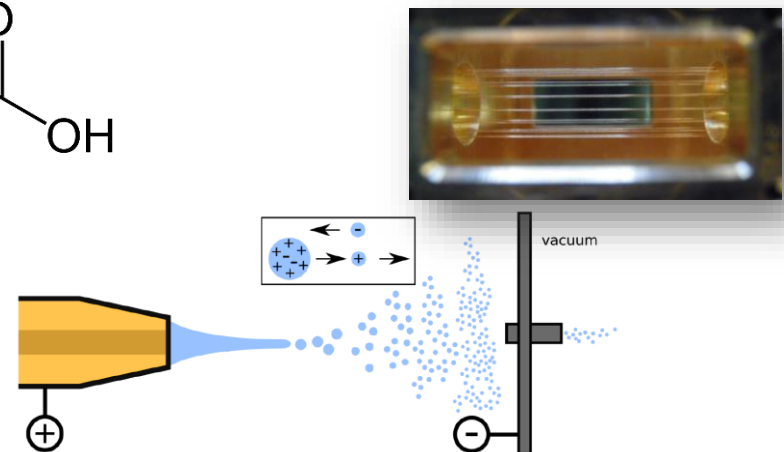
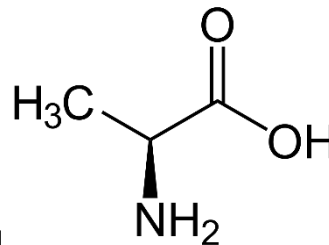
Master thesis

High resolution spectroscopy of a protonated amino acid

Goal: Investigate vibrational transitions in cold AlaninH⁺ and analyze the rotational profiles

Tasks:

- Learn to experiment with electrospray ionization and a cryogenic ion trap
- Prepare and mass analyze protonated ions tagged with rare gas atoms
- Analyse the line profiles and learn about the structure of the biological molecules



Big Goal: Full rotational resolution for large biomolecular ions and clusters to obtain new and better insight into their spatial structures